OpenBSD Ports Josh Grosse

Introduction Governance Creation OpenBSD Ports Integrating Third Party Applications

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SEMIBUG

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Applications

OpenBSD Ports

Introduction

- During installation:
 - The OpenBSD admin installs the kernel the operating system hardware control program.
 - The admin also installs a collection of Built-in Applications and their supporting libraries.

After installation:

- The admin may install additional application packages.
- These applications are not part of the OpenBSD Project they are Third Party Applications.

Key

Packages are tarballs containing executable applications and installation requirements. Packages are built from *Ports*.

Packages

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A package tarball contains:

+CONTENTS Table of contents. The meta-data including checksums, dependency specifications, digital signature (if official), and special actions to take during installation.

+DESC A brief description of the application.

<files> The executable application and its supporting files.

+CONTENTS Example

```
OpenBSD
               @comment $OpenBSD: PLIST,v 1.9 2016/01/30 11:20:01 ajacoutot Exp $
   Ports
               Oname codeblocks-16.01
Josh Grosse
               @signer openbsd-60-pkg
               @digital-signature signify:2016-07-07T21:21:18Z:RWQHIajRlT2mX/MZ/Yn3VCWYkM+...
               @comment pkgpath=devel/codeblocks cdrom=ves ftp=ves
Introduction
               @arch amd64
               +DESC
               @sha SZ7vNORRw1iNnCtYW5mPX7r1oeWDdktFi1q9pd0I+ks=
               Øsize 414
Creation
               @depend archivers/bzip2:bzip2-*:bzip2-1.0.6p8
               @depend converters/libiconv:libiconv-*:libiconv-1.14p3
               @depend devel/desktop-file-utils:desktop-file-utils-*:desktop-file-utils-0.23
               Qwantlib ICE 10.0
               Qwantlib SDL.8.0
               @cwd /usr/local
               @bin bin/cb_console_runner
               @sha 4uGF0pIgeUXXh0QewbQ30v1khC+/mxaKKbve45Nbgk4=
               Øsize 7432
               (6900+ lines deleted)
```

Packages are built from Ports

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The infrastructure is based on make(1). Mandatory components: Makefile Build instructions distinfo Source code check sums pkg/DESCR Short description (becomes +DESC) **pkg/PLIST** Packing list (builds +CONTENTS) **Optional components:** pkg/README OpenBSD-specific guidance patches/* OpenBSD-specific patches pkg/*.rc OpenBSD-specific *rc.d(8)* daemon control scripts files/* Other OpenBSD-specific files

Fact

Ports are not applications. They are scaffolding. They define how to fetch application source, build packages, and install.

Useful man pages

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- Administrative tools are described in pkg_add(1), pkg_delete(1), and pkg_info(1).
- Additional details on usage and structure are available from packages(7), packages(5), pkg_create(1) and packages-specs(7).

OpenBSD Releases and Flavors

OpenBSD Ports

Flavors:

- -release Twice per year, never altered
- -stable Tagged break/fix: published errata + additional patches -current Development
 - -release package sets are built for all supported architectures
 - -stable Ports may be created to address CVEs
 - The OpenBSD Project does not build -stable packages
 - Users may build their own -stable packages, or obtain them from M:Tier (https://stable.mtier.org)
 - New and updated Ports development takes place in -current

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Port Development

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Both OpenBSD developers and users are active in ports development and port maintenance. Any user can become a port \$MAINTAINER.

- Port development is conducted in -current
- Updates and new ports are submitted to the ports@openbsd.org mailing list for review and testing

Paying forward

Test reports are crucial to having the Project accept and commit both new and updated applications. Testing new and updated ports, and publishing the results is something OpenBSD -current users should do as time and interest allow. See the *Port Testing Guide* at: http://www.openbsd.org/faq/ports/testing.html

Acceptance

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Acceptance – and committed changes to the *Ports Tree* – requires the concurrence of two or more OpenBSD Project members.

- Please note:
 - Your first port submission will be criticized.
 - So will your twentieth.
 - The criticism is intended to be constructive and helpful.
 - Really.

Example application

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Gregor Best's "wireless" application for configuring NICs on a mobile BSD system. https://github.com/farhaven/wireless

<u>Makefile:</u>

```
PROG=wireless
MAN =wireless.8
SRCS=wireless.c parse.y
BINDIR=/usr/local/bin
CFLAGS += -wall -Werror -pedantic
CFLAGS += -std=c99
CFLAGS += -g -00
all: $(PROG) README
README: $(MAN)
mandoc -Tascii $(MAN) | perl -e 'while (<>) { s/.\x08//g; print }' > $@
.include <bsd.prog.mk>
```

I rely on the Porter's Handbook

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The Handbook enhances the ports(7) and bsd.port.mk(5) reference man pages. Chapters:

- The OpenBSD Ports System
- OpenBSD Porting Guide
- Special Porting Topics
- Port Testing Guide (discussed previously)
- Differences from other BSD projects

The Porter's Handbook is part of the OpenBSD FAQ

http://www.openbsd.org/faq/ports/index.html

Creating the Port Structure

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Creation

I need 4 new files.

- A port Makefile
- A distinfo checksum file
- A pkg/DESCR description file
- A pkg/PLIST packing list

Ports are not applications

They are *scaffolding*. They define how to fetch source code, build packages, and all requirements for package installation. This meta-data is stored in a completely separate structure from the application: the *Ports Tree*: /usr/ports

Ports Tree

OpenBSD Ports

Creation

- OpenBSD Ports use Category/Name.
 - I have decided this application will be net/wireless.
 - As this is a work-in-progress, I am using a special category for uncommitted ports, mystuff.
 - My port files are stored in */usr/ports/mystuff/net/wireless*.
 - If this becomes a committed port, it may become a leaf of the tree at /usr/ports/net/wireless.

Recommended

Create new port Makefiles from /usr/ports/infrastructure/templates/Makefile.template

Makefile — First Draft

OpenBSD Ports	
Josh Grosse	# \$OpenBSD\$ COMMENT = automatically scan for and configure wireless networks MAINTAINER = Josh Grosse <josh@j< th=""></josh@j<>
Governance Creation Management	VERSION = 1 DISTNAME = v\$(VERSION) PKGNAME = wireless-\$(VERSION)
intingentent	GH_ACCOUNT = farhaven GH_PROJECT = wireless GH_TAGNAME = \$(DISTNAME)
	CATEGORIES = net # BSD PERMIT_PACKAGE_CDROM = Yes
	.include <bsd.port.mk></bsd.port.mk>

First test result - man page location problem

```
OpenBSD
   Ports
Josh Grosse
               $ make fake
               ===> Checking files for wireless-1
               '/usr/ports/distfiles/v1.tar.gz' is up to date.
               >> (SHA256) v1.tar.gz: OK
               ===> Extracting for wireless-1
               ===> Patching for wireless-1
Creation
               ===> Configuring for wireless-1
               ===> Building for wireless-1
               cc -02 -pipe -Wall -Werror -pedantic -std=c99 -g -00 ...
               ===> Faking installation for wireless-1
               install -d -m 755 /usr/ports/pobj/wireless-1/fake-amd64
               install -c -S -s -o root -g bin -m 755 wireless /usr/ports/pobj/wireless-1/fake-amd64/usr/local/
                    bin/wireless
               install: /usr/ports/pobj/wireless-1/fake-amd64/usr/share/man/man8/wireless.8
               No such file or directory
               *** Error 1 in /usr/ports/pobj/wireless-1/wireless-1 (<bsd.man.mk>:35...
```

Makefile — Second Draft

OpenBSD Ports # \$OpenBSD\$ Josh Grosse COMMENT = automatically scan for and configure wireless networks MAINTAINER = Josh Grosse <iosh@i.... Introduction VERSION = 1 DISTNAME = v\$(VERSION) Governance PKGNAME = wireless - \$ (VERSION) Creation GH ACCOUNT = farhavenGH PROJECT = wireless $GH_TAGNAME =$ \$(DISTNAME) CATEGORIES = net # BSD PERMIT_PACKAGE_CDROM = Yes do-install: \${INSTALL_PROGRAM} \${WRKSRC}/wireless \${PREFIX}/bin \${INSTALL MAN \${WRKSRC}/wireless.8 \${PREFIX}/man/man8

```
.include <bsd.port.mk>
```

Second test result - WANTLIB required



Makefile — Third and perhaps final Draft

OpenBSD	
Ports	# \$OpenBSD\$
Josh Grosse	COMMENT = automatically scan for and configure wireless networks MAINTAINER = Josh Grosse <josh@j< th=""></josh@j<>
ntroduction	VERSION = 1
overnance	DISTNAME = v\$(VERSION) PKGNAME = wireless-\$(VERSION)
reation	GH_ACCOUNT = farhaven
lanagement	GH_PROJECT = wireless GH_TAGNAME = \$(DISTNAME)
	CATEGORIES = net
	# BSD PERMIT_PACKAGE_CDROM = Yes
	WANTLIB = c
	do-install: \${INSTALL_PROGRAM} \${WRKSRC}/wireless \${PREFIX}/bin \${INSTALL_MAN} \${WRKSRC}/wireless.8 \${PREFIX}/man/man8
	.include <bsd.port.mk></bsd.port.mk>

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Automation

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Targets for make(1):

- **makesum** creates or updates the *distinfo* file.
- **update-patches** creates or updates OpenBSD-specific patches.
- update-plist creates or updates the *pkg/PLIST* file (or files, if there are subpackages)
- port-lib-depends-check inspects library dependencies
- There is a *portcheck(1)* tool to inspect and validate the port, which will find errors or problems to be resolved even if the port builds and packages without failure.
- Maintainers may arrange for automated notification when their applications are updated. See http://portroach.openbsd.org/

Maintainership

OpenBSD Ports

Introduction Governance Creation Management Maintainers must follow the ports@ mailing list, and be willing to provide services:

- Maintain a public Email address for support.
- Update ports as upstream applications are updated.
- Send OpenBSD-specific patches with general value to the upstream application owners for consideration
- Gregor may prefer to be the maintainer of this example port, as it is his application.
- 2 If so, he would be both maintainer and upstream for this port.

Questions?



Creation

Management

